

Unit	Structures	Vocabulary	Skills
1 Summer school	She likes (doing gymnastics).	camp cook outside	: School prospectus
page 4	She doesn't like (playing	do pottery kayak	: Capital letters
	tennis).	play table tennis trampoline	Letter
2 Our things	Can we (borrow your	alarm clock calculator	: Cartoon story
page 8	laptop)?	helmet laptop suitcase	: Punctuation
	He's got (an Mp3 player).	umbrella	Description
3 A safe place	He is (taking photos).	cut down jungle orang-utan	: Information leaflet
page 12	They are (cutting down the	ranger rhino visitors	: Present participles
discount Storage of med	trees).	m whee subtermolessig salawin	Holiday diary
4 Life in space	He (gets up early).	astronaut float planet	: Magazine feature
page 16	They (live in space for	sleeping bag space station	: Word order
More words section for a	months).	telescope	Schedule
5 At the museum	They always (want to come	amazing boring comfortable	: Advertisement
page 20	again).	dark exciting scary	: Time expressions
	I sometimes (go swimming)		Activity diary
	on (Thursday).	liviano sel soniplete the octiviti	receiving diary
6 Australia	the biggest (city)	city coast desert emu	: Fact file
page 24	the highest (mountain)	island koala	: Proper nouns
A Welling page beam	the longest (river)	then provide revel Apply in the	Country profile
7 Let's play	You must (run).	across at the side of beside	: Rules of a game
Boatman'!	You mustn't (walk).	in front of in the middle of	: Linkers 1
page 28	makenen manene den 19 1992	past	How to play a game
8 New York in 1900	They had (cookers).	candle carriage cooker	: Magazine article
page 32	They didn't have (TVs).	electric light microwave	: Linkers 2
	There were (candles).	underground train	Historical description
9 The Aztecs	They didn't (write words).	beads feathers hunt plant	: Reference book
page 36	They used (pictures).	sew tools	: Organizing
page 50	They used (piecares).	Sew tools	information
The state of the s		nemention	School project
10 Let's help the	We're going to (collect	anorak campsite tent torch	: Information leaflet
hospital 7	money).	walking boots water bottle	: Format of letters
page 40	I'm going to (take a sleeping	Walting Dools Water Dottle	Holiday letter
page 40	bag).		Hollday letter
More words	oug).	Five extra words for each unit	
. io. c words		THE CAU A WOLDS TO EACH WITH	AND AND OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR



The Oxford Primary Skills series is designed to be used alongside a coursebook to develop reading and writing skills, and uses a balance of familiar and new language in different contexts.

Each level of *Reading and writing* is made up of ten units that are designed to be used in order. The texts progress in length and the skills practised progress in difficulty through the book. The units follow a grammar and vocabulary syllabus designed to be consistent with what the children are learning in their language lessons.

Reading

There are a variety of reading text types through the course to expose children to different types of English in use. Children will be motivated by their ability to read and understand 'real' text types such as websites and magazine articles that have been graded to their level. Children develop the skills of reading and listening for gist and detail, both of which are essential for complete communicative competence.

Some of the text types they will encounter are, amongst others: stories, magazine articles, advertisements, leaflets, websites, projects, reference book articles.

Writing

In the Writing section of each unit, the children practise punctuation, syntax and text structuring, and are given the opportunity to write different types of text closely following a model text that will support them in structuring their writing. Their writing confidence will develop as they find they have written, amongst others: letters, descriptions, instructions, projects, diary entries, website profiles.

More words

At the back of the book is an optional section of vocabulary extension exercises that can be used to augment the number of words the children learn in each unit from six to eleven. The extra words are consistent with the topic of the unit and can be used by children to complete the activities in the Writing task at the end of each unit.

It is to be stressed that these words are optional and it is perfectly possible to complete the course without using this additional section.

Tour of a unit

Each unit is topic-based and the topics are consistent with areas the children will be covering in their English language coursebooks and in other subject areas. The units are structured to offer the children support in developing their reading and writing skills. Every unit follows the same structure:

Reading and Comprehension

pages 1 and 2 of each unit

The six new words are introduced in picture form at the top of the first page. Use the pictures to teach the words which will form the basis for the Vocabulary work in the unit and will also appear in the Reading text.



The Reading text follows the new words. There is also a recorded version of this text on the Teacher's CD.

When you start to teach a new text, approach it in three stages: pre-reading, reading for gist, and reading for detail. Explain that children do not have to understand every word to do this. By focusing on the language they do understand, it is possible to guess or use logic to work out the meaning of the rest.

Pre-reading. This stage is about looking for clues to help the children piece together the meaning of the text. This includes looking at the pictures and text style to guess what type of text it is and what it is likely to be about. Ask the children to give suggestions about what they think the text will say before they start to read.

Reading for gist. Play the recording twice while the children follow the text in their books. They do not need to be able to read every word independently, just carefully enough to understand the gist. Ask some simple comprehension questions to ensure they have understood the general points.

Reading for detail. This stage will take place as you go onto the Comprehension page. Go through the first comprehension activity with the class so that the children know what information to look for in the text. Give them time to read the text again to find the answers. Have a class feedback session. Then let the children answer the questions on their own or do the following two exercises together as a class if you prefer.

Vocabulary

page 3 of each unit

The vocabulary exercises give the children the opportunity to practise the new words learnt earlier in the unit. The vocabulary items are practised in the context of simple, graded language structures and alongside other vocabulary items that they are likely to recognize from their coursebook.

Where appropriate, the third exercise on this page gives the children the chance to personalize the language they have been using in a statement about themselves.

At the bottom of the third page of the unit, you will see directions to the More words section for that unit. For those wishing to further extend the children's vocabulary, this is the stage in the unit where these new words should be taught and practised. This allows the children the option to use them in their writing task on the final page of the unit.

6 Unscramble the words to complete the sentences. Come to London Zoo Come to London Zoo Come to London Zoo There are less of mindles gamalis here if serving comets the sentences. London Zoo Come to London Zoo There are less of mindles gamalis here if serving comets the sentences. London Zoo There are less of mindles gamalis here if serving comets the sentences. London Zoo Come to London Zoo There are less of mindles gamalis here if serving comets the sentences. London Zoo Come to London Zoo There is a ceich There is a ceich Sent comets the sentences. London Zoo Come to London Zoo There is a ceich There is a ceich

Writing

page 4 of each unit

The Writing page begins with a model text that the children should read. Apply the same approach as for the Reading text.

Look for clues in the picture and the style of the text for what type of text it might be and what they think they might be asked to write.

Read the text together as a class to see if they were right with their predictions.

Then move on to the exercise following the text. This focuses on a writing skill that will help them to complete the final writing task of the unit. Some examples of these are, amongst others:

punctuation, use of capital letters, time expressions, present participles, proper nouns, linkers and word order.

Do feedback as a class before they move on to the writing task.

The Writing tasks are very well-supported with question prompts so the children are not pushed beyond their level of competence. They are based very closely on the model text above, and the children should be encouraged to refer back to the text you have read together to complete the final exercise of the unit in their notebook.

For more extensive teaching notes and answer key, refer to www.oup.com/elt/teachersclub/young-learners



1

Summer school













kayak

do pottery

trampoline

play table tennis

camp

cook outside

Reading

1 Read and listen.

INTERNATIONAL SUMMER SCHOOL

Welcome to the International Summer School! There are children from all over the world here. They camp and cook outside. In the daytime, they do lots of activities.



This is Luis. He's nine years old. He's from Brazil. He likes kayaking and playing basketball. He doesn't like painting. He likes doing pottery.

And this is Alice. She's eight years old. She's from the USA. She likes doing gymnastics and trampolining! She doesn't like playing tennis but she likes playing table tennis.



Vadim and his sister Rada are at the summer camp. They are from Russia. This is a photo of them in their tent.

Vadim is ten years old. He likes camping with his sister and his friends. He doesn't like playing football. He likes kayaking and he likes cooking outside.

Rada is nine years old. She likes camping too. She also likes doing pottery and playing table tennis. She doesn't like cooking outside.



2	Comp	lete	the	sentences.
	Comp	CCC	CITC	scricciices.

- Alice is from the USA.
- 2 She is _____ years old.
- 3 Vadim is from _____.
- 4 He is ______
- is from Russia too. 5
- She is ______.
- Rada is Vadim's ______.



3 Write likes or doesn't like.

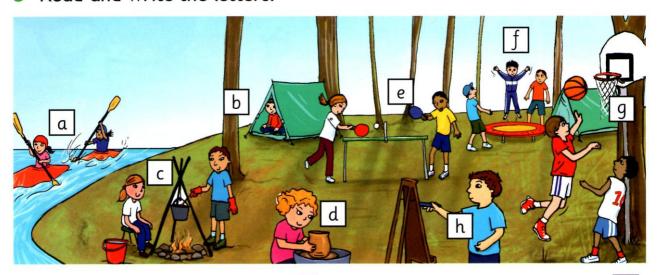
- 1 Luis <u>doesn't like</u> painting.
- 2 Vadim _____ camping.
- 3 Alice _____ playing tennis.
- 4 Alice _____ doing gymnastics.
- 5 Luis _____ kayaking.
- 6 Vadim _____ playing football.7 Rada ____ doing pottery.

4 Write Yes, he / she does. or No, he / she doesn't.

- 1 Does Alice like trampolining?
- 2 Does Vadim like cooking outside?
- 3 Does Luis like painting?
- 4 Does Alice like playing table tennis?
- 5 Does Luis like doing pottery?
- 6 Does Vadim like camping?
- 7 Does Rada like cooking outside?

163	, site	uves.		

5 Read and write the letters.



1 He's painting.

- n
- 2 They're kayaking.
- Ц
- 3 She's doing pottery.
 - They're playing table tennis.
- 5 He's camping.
- 6 They're cooking outside.
- 7 They're playing basketball.
- 8 He's trampolining.

6 Look and write.



- 1 Nina likes <u>playing basketball</u> and <u>_____</u>
- 2 Frank likes _____ and _____.
- 3 Nina doesn't like _____ or _____.
- 4 Frank doesn't like _____ or _____.

Nina and Frank like _____

- 7 Write about you. What do you like doing?

5

Dear Penfriend,

My name is Edward. I'm from Sydney, in Australia.

My birthday is in March and I'm eight.

I'm at the International Summer School with my friends. It's great!

I like art, I like painting and I love doing pottery.

I like sport, too. I like playing basketball and table tennis.

I don't like camping, but I love cooking outside.

Where are you from? How old are you? When's your birthday?

What do you like doing? Please write soon and answer my questions.

From

Edward

- 8 Circle the mistakes with capital letters. Correct the sentences.
 - 1 my name is jerry and i'm from the usa.

My name is Jerry and I'm from the USA.

- 2 my friend's birthday is in april.
- 3 he's seven and he's from egypt. _____
- 4 i'm from russia and my name is anna.
- 5 my birthday is in december and i'm nine.
- 9 Write a letter to Edward in your notebook. Answer his questions.

Use these words and phrases:

• Dear

My name is ...

• I'm from ...

My birthday ...

I like ...

I don't like ...

• From ...





Reading

1 PO2 Read and listen.



Twins: Hi, Zoë. Can we borrow your alarm clock? And your torch?

Zoë: Yes, you can. But be careful with them. Here they are.



Twins: Hi, Mum! Can we borrow your laptop please?

Mum: No, you can't. I'm working. You can borrow this calculator.

Twins: Great! Thanks, Mum!

Mum: Here it is. Be careful with it.



Twins: Hi, Dad! Have you got a suitcase?

And an umbrella and a helmet?

Dad: Yes, I have. Here they are.

Twins: Please can we borrow them, Dad?



Dad: What are they doing with our things?

Mum: They're in the

living room.



All: Twins! What are you doing?

Twins: Come and look at our space ship!

Dad: So that's what you're doing with our

things!

- 2 Choose and circle.
 - 1 The twins can / can't borrow Zoë's alarm clock.
 - 2 Dad has / hasn't got an umbrella.
 - 3 Mum is cooking / working.
 - 4 The twins can borrow the calculator / laptop.
 - 5 The twins are in the living room / dining room.
 - 6 They've got a space ship / school project.
- 3 Write Yes, they have. or No, they haven't.



1	Have the twins got an alarm clock?
	Yes, they have.

- 2 Have they got a camera?
- B Have they got an umbrella?
- 4 Have they got a laptop?
- 5 Have they got a calculator?
- 6 Have they got a suitcase?
- 4 Complete the sentences.
 - 1 Zoë gives the twins a <u>torch</u> and an ______.
 - 2 Dad gives the twins a ______, an _____ and
 - 3 Mum doesn't give the twins a _____.
 - 4 Mum gives the twins a ______.
 - 5 The twins make a ______.

5 Write about you. Use I've got / I haven't got.



6 Look and write.

camera	CD player	helmet	laptop
Mp3 player	suitcase	umbrella	watch



1	What has Eric got? He's got an Mp3 player and
2	What has Jane got?
3	What has Rob got?
4	What has Rosie got?

My Dream Room

by Sally

This is my dream room.

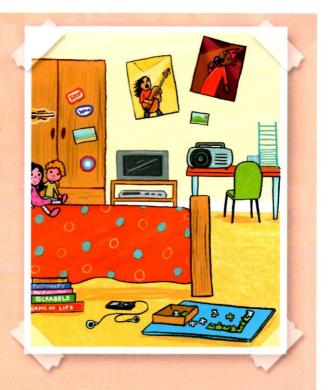
I love music. There are music posters, stickers and postcards on the wall.

I've got lots of CDs, a CD player and an Mp3 player.

And look! I can watch films. I've got a TV and a DVD player.

There are lots of toys in my room. There are dolls, puzzles and board games.

I can play in my room all day!



- 7 Write the punctuation marks. . ,
 - 1 I've got a computer, a DVD player and a TV.
 - 2 I collect badges stickers and shells
 - 3 I love reading writing and watching TV
 - 4 My room is yellow red and orange
 - 5 I read comics books and emails
- 8 Imagine your dream room. Draw and write about it in your notebook.

Use these word and phrases:

- This is my....
- There are lots of ...
- And look! I can ...
- In my dream room there are ...
- I've got ...
- I love ...

A safe place













rhino

jungle

cut down

orang-utan

ranger

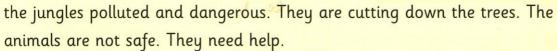
visitors

Reading

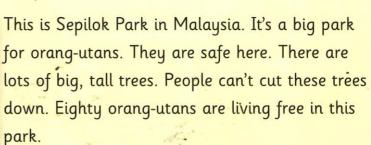
03 Read and listen.

What do you know about jungles and the animals that live there?

Lots of different animals live in jungles. Jungles are beautiful, but people are making







Look! Can you see the orang-utans in this

picture? They are climbing and playing! They're funny! The rangers give them food. These orang-utans are eating watermelon. Visitors can go to the park to see the orang-utans. They watch them and take photographs.

There are other animals here too. Rhinos and bears are not safe in the jungle. They are living free in Sepilok Park, too. It's a safe and beautiful place. Come and visit!

- 2 Read and tick (✔) or cross (✗).
 - 1 Animals are safe in the jungle.
 - 2 Animals are safe in the park.
 - 3 There are one hundred orang-utans living in the park.
 - 4 The rangers give them toys.
 - 5 Visitors can look at the orang-utans.
 - 6 There are bears and rhinos at Sepilok Park.
- 3 Choose and write.

live	beautiful	free	jungle
visitors	dangerous	safe	trees

Orang-utans live in the 1_jungle. The jungle is 2_____ but

it isn't safe for the animals.

People are cutting down the

 and	the	jungle	IS

and polluted. Sepilok Park is a place for orang-utans. They can live 6

in the park. Rhinos and bears ⁷______ in the park too.

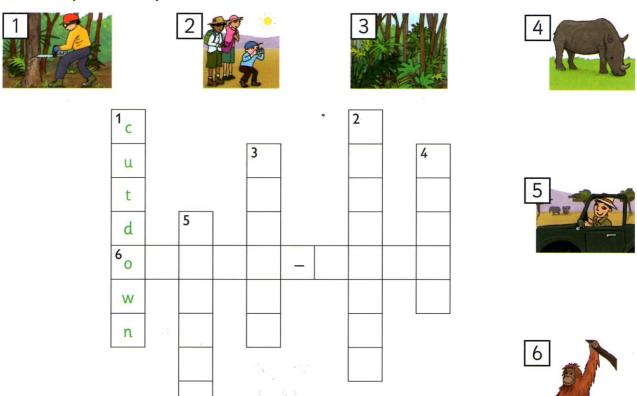
go to the park to see the animals.

4 Match the questions and the answers.

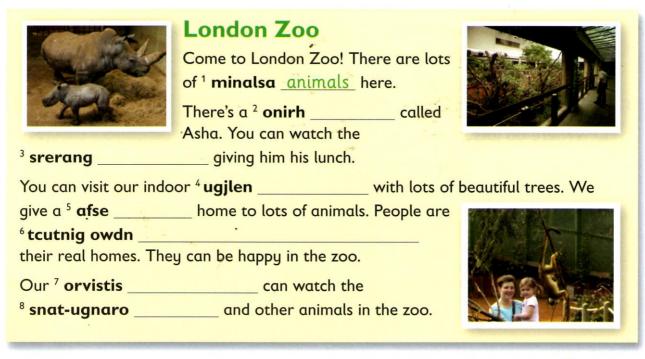
- 1 Where do lots of animals live?-
- 2 Is the jungle safe and clean?
- 3 Where can orang-utans live free?
- 4 Is Sepilok Park safe and beautiful?
- 5 Are there other animals in the park?
- 6 What can visitors do at the park?

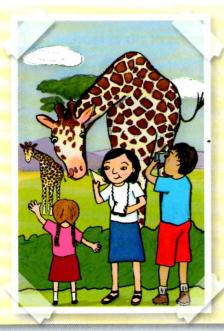
- a Yes, there are rhinos and bears.
- b In the jungle.
- c Yes, it is.
- d They can watch the orang-utans.
- e No, it isn't.
- f In Sepilok Park.

5 Complete the puzzle.



6 Unscramble the words to complete the sentences.





A day out

I'm on holiday in Kenya with my family. We are visiting a park for giraffes.

Giraffes can live free here. Visitors can watch them and take photographs. The giraffes are funny!

Dad is taking photos of the animals. Mum is eating a sandwich. Oh! That's a naughty giraffe! Now the giraffe is eating a sandwich!

My sister is watching the baby giraffes, and I am writing in my holiday book.

7 Choose and write the correct form of the verbs.

	eat take write visit make dive play climb
1	We're at the swimming pool. Dad is <u>diving</u> into the pool.
2	It's lunchtime. I'm my sandwiches.
3	I'm photographs of my friends.
4	We're at the park. We're basketball.
5	My sister is an email to her friend in Brazil.
6	I'm at the zoo. The monkeys are in the trees.
7	We're my grandparents.
8	I'm in the kitchen with Grandma. We're a cake.

8 Imagine a day out with your family. Write about it in your notebook.

Use these questions to help you with your writing:

- · Where are you?
- What are you doing?
- What are your family doing?
 Mum is ... Dad is ... My sister / brother is ...
- What can visitors do there?
- What can you see?

4

Life in space













space station

astronaut

planet

sleeping bag

float

at telescope

Reading

1 •• Read and listen.

Michael Lopez-Alegría is an astronaut. He is from Spain but he lives in the USA. He works with other astronauts to learn about the planets. The astronauts live in space for

months. They work and sleep on their space station.

The alarm clock rings early and the astronauts get up. They get dressed and they have breakfast. Eating in space is funny. Everything floats around! After breakfast they brush their teeth and start work.

Michael's job is looking at the planets with a telescope. He can learn a lot about space. He is busy all day.





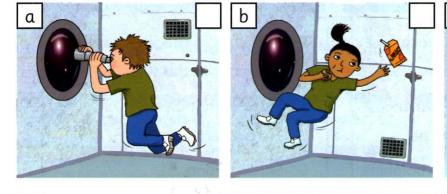
After work, the astronauts write emails or they exercise. Then they have dinner and watch DVDs. Finally, they go to bed. They sleep in sleeping bags. It is difficult to sleep because you can't lie down!

Some days the astronauts go outside the space station. They call this spacewalking. They wear special suits when they do a spacewalk.

- 2 Correct one word in each sentence.
 - 1 Michael is an fireman.

astronaut

- 2 The astronauts live in Spain for months.
- 3 They learn about the animals.
- 4 Eating in space is dangerous.
- 5 The astronauts write stories after work.
- 3 Read page 16. Put the pictures in order.











- 4 Match the two parts of the sentences.
 - 1 Michael works-
 - 2 The astronauts learn
 - 3 They get up
 - 4 After breakfast they
 - 5 Michael looks at the
 - 6 They write emails

- a planets with a telescope.
- b when their alarm clock rings.
- c about the planets.
- d after work.
- e on a space station.
- f brush their teeth.

5 Read and tick () the correct sentence.





- This astronaut is in space.
 This astronaut is in the USA.
 They are in the space station.
 They are in the sleeping bag.
 He is using his Mp3 player.
 He is using his telescope.
 He is exercising.
 He is looking at some dolphins.
 They are in the space station.
 He is working.
 He is exercising.
 She is eating.
- 6 Complete the sentences.

space station astronaut planets space telescope

Ben is an



He is looking at some planets.

astronaut . He works on a



She is floating.

2 _____.

He goes to work and he stays in



³ _____ for two months.

His job is learning about the



⁴ _____·

He looks at them with his



5 _____.

My hero

My hero is Lewis Hamilton. He's from Britain. He's a racing driver. Let's imagine his day.



Lewis Hamilton gets up early in the morning. He gets dressed and has breakfast. He eats cereal and fruit for breakfast. He goes to the gym every day. Then he has a shower and goes to work. In the morning, he drives his car. He drives very fast! In the afternoon, he looks after his car. He works with a team to make his car faster.

In the evening, he has dinner. He eats pasta and broccoli for dinner. He watches TV then he goes to bed.

- 7 Write the words in the correct order.
 - half past / My hero / seven. / at / gets up My hero gets up at half past seven.
 - 2 his teeth. / and brushes / he has / First, / a shower
 - he gets / brushes / Next, / his hair. / dressed and
 - 4 pictures. / In the / he paints / afternoon,
 - and / every day. / He dances / sings
- Imagine your hero's day. Write about it in your notebook.

Use these words and phrases:

- My hero's name is ...
 He's from or She's from ...
 He's a or She's a ...

- In the morning, ...
 In the afternoon, ...
- In the evening, ...

At the museum













dark

scary

amazing

boring

comfortable

exciting

Reading

1 05

05 Read and listen.

Do you have sleep-overs and stay at your cousin's

house all night? Imagine staying all night in a museum. That's the **Big Night** — it's a sleep-over at the museum.

It's dark in the museum at night. Is it scary? No. Is it boring? No, it's exciting! Come and see.



Welcome to the **Big Night** at the museum! In the day you can visit the museum – and at night you can sleep there!

The **Big Night** starts at 6.30 in the evening. Bring a comfortable sleeping bag and a torch. These are the activities:

- 300 Egypt quiz you can win exciting prizes
- 1:30 Dinner in the café in the museum lovely food and great milkshakes!
- (8:00) Art make posters about Egypt or make a scary mask
- 9:00) Amazing stories from Ancient Egypt very funny and not boring!
- 10:00 Bedtime get into your sleeping bags and get comfortable.
- 08:00 Wake up time for breakfast
- 09:00 Gallery visit watch a film about Ancient Egypt

The **Big Night** finishes at ten o'clock on Sunday morning. Watch out! Children always want to come again!

2 Look and write the times.



The Big Night starts at half past six.



The quiz is at



Dinner is at



Art is at



Story time is at



Bedtime is at

3 Read and tick (✔) or cross (✗).

- 1 The museum isn't scary at night.
- 2 You can sleep in the museum on the Big Night.
- 3 There is a maths quiz at seven o'clock.
- 4 Children have dinner at home.
- 5 There are beds at the museum.
- 6 Children want to go to the museum again.
- Ħ

4 Match the questions and the answers.

- 1 What can you do on the Big Night?
- 2 What do children do at eight o'clock?
- 3 Where do children have dinner?
- 4 Is the museum dark at night?
- 5 What time do children have breakfast?
- 6 When can children go home?

- a At ten o'clock on Sunday.
- b Yes, it is. Bring a torch.
- c You can sleep in the museum.
- d In the café in the museum.
- e They make posters and masks.
- f At eight o'clock in the morning.

5 Choose and write.



6 Match.

- 1 I don't like films about monsters.
- 2 I sometimes sit in the library.
- 3 Shopping is boring,
- 4 The new playground is amazing.
- 5 I don't like camping.
- 6 I love the museum.

but my mum loves it.

It's too dark at night.

There are comfortable sofas there.

They're scary.

We can learn interesting things there.

It's got lots of swings.

7 Choose and circle.

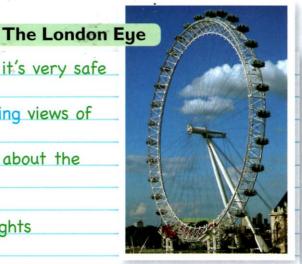
The London Eye is 135 metres high, but it's very safe so it isn't 1 dark / (scary.)

In the day you can see 2 boring / amazing views of London.

You can learn ³ interesting / dark facts about the history of London.

At night it's 4 sunny / exciting!

When it's 5 dark / funny, you can see lights everywhere.

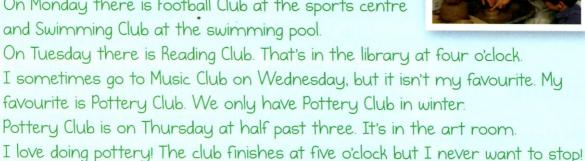


What I do after school

by Sam North

At our school we can do lots of things after school. We've got lots of clubs.

On Monday there is Football Club at the sports centre and Swimming Club at the swimming pool.



I make lots of nice things. I always give them to my mum.

Choose and write.

	in at on t	0
1	We can play outside <u>in</u>	summer.
2	I go to the library	Friday after school.
3	Cooking Club starts	two o'clock.
4	I always go Fo	ootball Club on Saturdays.
5	The Theatre Club do a play	spring.
6	I sometimes have a swimming l	essonThursday.
7	night you can	sleep in the museum.

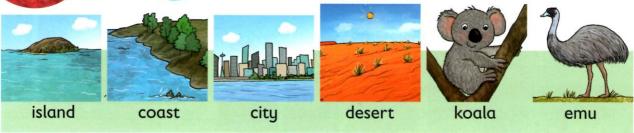
9 Write in your notebook about your activities after school.

Use these words and phrases:

- It's on ...
- I sometimes ...
- I always ...

- My favourite activity is ...
- It's at ...
- I never ...

6 Australia



Reading

1 Read and listen.

Australia is the biggest island in the world. A lot of people in Australia live by the coast. They like surfing and going to the beach. Australians speak

Mount Kosciusko

Great Barrier

English. They sometimes call their country 'Oz'.



The biggest city in Australia is Sydney. There's a big bridge in Sydney. It's called Sydney Harbour Bridge. You

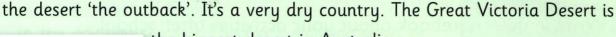
can climb it. Look at the picture; this is what you can see from the top!

There are lots of mountains in

Australia. The highest mountain in Australia is Mount Kosciuszko. You can ski there in winter.

The Great Barrier Reef is in the sea off the coast of Australia. It's very big. You can see it from space!

There are lots of deserts in Australia. Australians call



the biggest desert in Australia.

Kangaroo

Australia has got lots of special animals. Kangaroos can jump three metres! Koalas live in trees and eat the leaves. The emu is a very big bird. It runs very fast but it can't fly. There are crocodiles and snakes, too. They're dangerous.

2 Choose and circle.

- 1 A lot of people in Australia live by the coast/ desert.
- 2 Australia is the biggest island / country in the world.
- 3 The highest waterfall / mountain in Australia is Mount Kosciuszko.
- 4 The biggest lake / desert in Australia is the Great Victoria.
- 5 Koalas and tigers / kangaroos are Australian animals.
- 6 Sydney is Australia's biggest / smallest city.



3 Correct the sentences.

1 Crocodiles and kangaroos are dangerous animals.

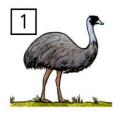
Crocodiles and snakes are dangerous animals.

- 2 Australia is the biggest country in the world.
- 3 The widest mountain in Australia is Mount Kosciuszko.
- 4 The Great Victoria is a big ocean.
- 5 There is a big waterfall in Sydney.

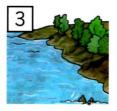
4 Answer the questions.

- 1 What's the highest mountain in Australia? Mount Kosciusko
- 2 What do Australians like doing? _____
- 3 What's the biggest city in Australia? _____
- 4 Which Australian animals are dangerous? _____
- 5 What is the Great Victoria?
- 6 How high can kangaroos jump? _____
- 7 What do Australians sometimes call their country? _____
- 8 Can you see the Great Barrier Reef from space? _____

5 Find and circle. Write.







i α t C t S y d C 0 n S t α l 0 e m u k e k l α 0 α α I S e t n e l d t r α m y 0 j t S y e r ٧









6 Circle the odd-one-out.

desert lake 1 emu) mountain coast 2 koala kangaroo island crocodile emu river building bridge 3 city house island mountain crocodile desert coast Sydney America Africa Australia Europe

7 Choose and write.

	city	coast	desert	emu	island	koala
1	An _	island_is	in the mide	lle of the	ocean.	
2	Beaches are on the					
3	It is very dry in the					
4	The	, 0	is	Australio	ı's biggest	bird.
5	Α		²can	climb tre	ees.	
6	Ther	e are lots	of shops a	nd cafés	in a	

The USA

by Jenny

The USA is a big country. There are lots of cities. In the cities there are lots of tall buildings. The tallest building in the USA is the Sears Tower in Chicago. Chicago isn't the biggest city in the USA. The biggest city is New York.

The USA has got lots of lakes and rivers and mountains. The biggest lake in the USA is Lake Superior. The longest river is the Mississippi. The highest mountain is Mount McKinley, in Alaska.



8 Complete the table. Write the proper nouns with capital letters.

egypt lake mount everest new york ocean the nile

Noun	Proper noun
country	Egypt
city	man unperson a least the least of the least
- SECOND HOUSE AND SHEET HEREIN D	Lake Baikal
mountain	-(.00)01010;
river	
	Pacific Ocean

9 Complete the fact file about your country. Write sentences about your country in your notebook.

Country	ig arty to subhim arty of mid.	
Biggest city .		
Tallest building	proprieta de la companya de la companya de	
Biggest lake	s a serious isopenomano 8 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 -	
Longest river	LON IL TOYALOU SARRININE DATE DE LA COMPANIONE	
Highest mountain	totistray and he'm him	



Reading

1 Por Read and listen.

Do you play games with your friends at school? Where do you play? In the UK, children play games outside in the playground. A traditional playground game is 'Boatman'. This is how to play it.



One child is the Boatman. The others must stand at the side of the playground. They must ask, 'Boatman, can we go across the river?'

The Boatman says, 'You can go across the river if you're wearing green.' (The Boatman can choose the colour.)



If you're wearing green, you can walk across the playground. The Boatman can't catch you. If you aren't wearing green, you mustn't walk – you must run really quickly past the Boatman. He must try to catch you.



If the Boatman catches you, you must stay beside him in the middle of the playground and help him catch the others. Then the others must ask again, 'Boatman, can we go across the river?' Now the Boatman must choose a different colour: 'You can go across the river if you're wearing blue.' ...

2 Choose and write.

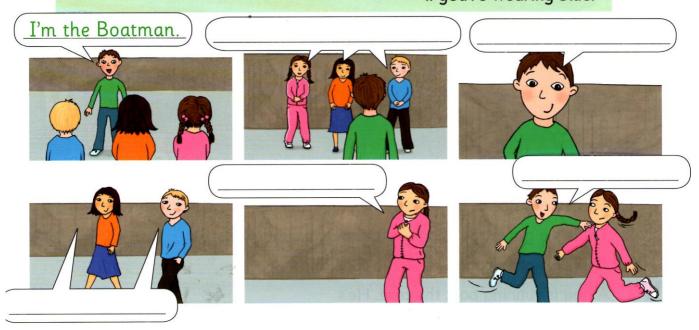
We can walk. Now you must help me.

Can we go across the river?

I must run.

I'm the Boatman.

You can go across, if you're wearing blue.



3 Correct one word in each sentence.

- 1 The Boatman stands behind the other children. <u>in front of</u>
- 2 The children say, 'Boatman, can we go across the lake?'
- 3 The Boatman chooses a number.
- 4 Some of the children can sit down.
- 5 The Boatman tries to find the children.

4 Write must or mustn't.

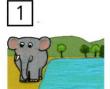
- 1 The Boatman <u>must</u> stand in front of the children.
- 2 The Boatman _____ choose a colour.
- 3 If you aren't wearing the colour you _____ walk, you ____ run!
- 4 The Boatman _____ try to catch you.
- 5 If he catches you, you _____ stay and help him.

5 Choose and write.

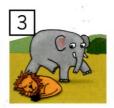
playing running trampolining reading a shouting doing basketball comic gymnastics

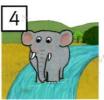


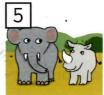
- 1 Three boys are at the side of the playground. They're <u>playing basketball</u>.
- 2 There's a girl in the middle of the playground. She's ______.
- 3 There's a girl sitting beside the tree. She's ______.
- 4 A boy is running past the tree. He's _____.
- 5 Two boys are ______ in front of the teacher.
- 6 There's a line of girls _____ across the playground.
- 6 Where's the elephant? Look and write.

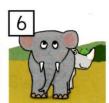












past
in the middle of
across
at the side of
in front of
beside

- 1 It's <u>at the side of</u> the lake.
- 2 It's going _____ the river.
- 3 It's walking _____ the lion.
- 4 lt's the river.
- 5 It's _____ the rhino.
- 6 It's _____ the rhino.



My favourite games by Alex

I love games. At school we play in the playground. I always play with my friends. We play football and basketball. We don't play volleyball or baseball.

My favourite game is called Boatman. It's fun. You must catch your friends. You must run very fast. I love running and playing.

At home I play with my brother. We don't play Boatman. You can't play with two people. We play tennis in the garden. In the evening we play computer games and table tennis.

-	\ A /				
	Wr	ite (and	or	or.

1	We don't play in the road	<u>or</u> in the park.
2	I like playing chess	other board games.

- 3 My favourite games are tennis _____ volleyball.
- 4 I don't play with dolls _____ toy cars. . .
- 5 I love running ____ catching my friends.
- 6 I play in my room with my brother _____ sister.

8 Write in your notebook about your favourite game.

Use these questions to help you with your writing:

- What's your favourite game?
- How do you play it?
- Use You must ... or You mustn't ...
- · Where do you play it?
- · Who do you play it with?
- When do you play it?



New York in 1900













electric light candle

microwave

cooker

carriage

riage train

Reading

1 Read and listen.

What was New York like in 1900? It was very different to New York today. Let's see!

In 1900 New York was a very big city. There were more than three million people. It was the biggest city in the USA. In New York today there are lots of very tall buildings, called skyscrapers. In 1900, there weren't any very tall skyscrapers, but there were some big buildings. There was the Statue of Liberty in New York harbour. You can still see the Statue of Liberty in New York today.

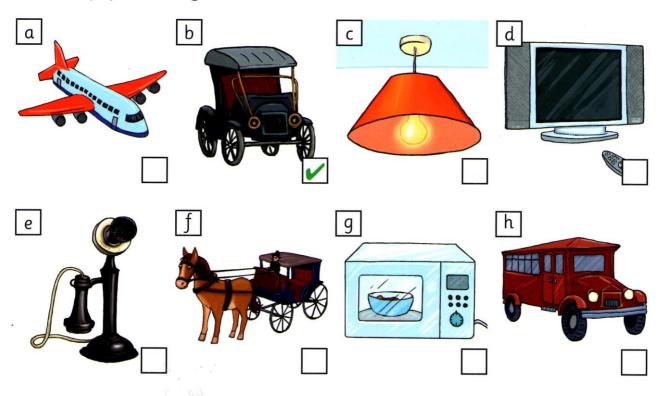
The biggest houses had electric lights, but lots of houses and flats had candles. Some people had phones, but there weren't any computers so people didn't have email. There weren't any microwaves. People had big cookers.

There were lots of theatres in New York, but there weren't any cinemas. People didn't have TVs, but they had books.

Lots of people had horses and carriages, but some people had cars. There were taxis in New York in 1900, and buses and even underground trains. There weren't any planes and there wasn't an airport. There were big boats that came to New York from Europe.



2 Tick (🗸) the things that New York had in 1900.



- 3 Read and (✔) or (X).
 - 1 New York was a very big city in 1900.
 - 2 Some people had electric lights in their houses.
 - 3 There was a big airport.
 - 4 People had computers and TVs in their houses.
 - 5 Lots of people had horses and carriages.
 - 6 There were buses and taxis.
- 4 Write There was / were or There wasn't / weren't.
 - 1 There were theatres in New York in 1900.
 - 2 _____ telephones in the houses.
 - 3 _____ an airport.
 - 4 _____ any cinemas in New York.
 - 5 _____ underground trains.

5 Find five mistakes in the picture. Write.

cookers planes microwaves rockets computers candles TVs books



6 Complete the sentences.

cinema 🗶	My Grandpa's Village				
theatre 🗶	This is Valebury in 1948. There wasn't a				
airport 🗶	cinema or a theatre in the Village. It was				
bikes 🗸	too small.				
	There weren't many cars, but people had bikes. There wasn't an				
computers X	airport and there weren't any planes.				
email 🗶	People didn't have computers or email, but there were telephones in				
books 🗸	some houses. Many houses had electric lights, but people also had				
	candles.				
	People had cookers in their kitchens, but they didn't have microwaves.				
	Most people didn't have TVs, but they had lots of books.				
	My grandpa had lots of friends in Valebury. It was a nice village.				
 People didn't have electric lights or telephones in their houses. In 1900 there was a library a school in my town. There was a train station, there wasn't an airport. This town didn't have a swimming pool a shopping centre. There was a river, there wasn't a bridge across it. There were lots of big buildings busy roads. Find a picture of your town in the past. Look and (✔) or (✗). Write about it in your notebook. 					
horses school					
Use these wo	ords and phrases:				
• This is (na	me) in (year). • Some houses had				
There was	't • There weren't any				
People had					



Reading

1 Pead and listen.

The Aztecs lived in Mexico about 700 years ago. Their biggest city was

Tenochtitlan. Houses were made of wood. Palaces and temples were made of stone. Around the city the Aztecs had farms and planted fruit and vegetables. They used tools to help them. They hunted and fished, too.





Aztec children learned at home until they were fourteen years old. Then they started school. Boys and girls went to school. At school boys learned to read and write. They didn't write words. They used pictures. The pictures were called hieroglyphics. Girls learned how to cook and sew. They also learned how to look after children.

The Aztecs loved games. They played a ball game on a special sports field. They liked songs and plays too. They had theatres in their city. In the theatres, they watched plays. At festivals they read poems and watched people doing gymnastics and dancing.

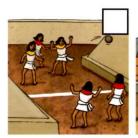
The Aztec women sewed beautiful clothes. They used lots of beads. They had amazing hats with lots of feathers.



Comprehension

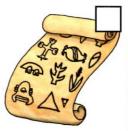
- 2 Match. Number the pictures.
 - 1 The Aztecs had a big city.
 - 2 They planted vegetables
 - 3 Aztec writing
 - 4 The boys learned to
 - 5 They played ball games

- a in farms around the city.
- b read and write.
- c Its name was Tenochtitlan.
- d on special sports fields.
- e used pictures, not words.











Yes, they did.

- 3 Read and write Yes, they did. or No, they didn't.
 - 1 Did the Aztecs fish and hunt?
 - 2 Did children go to school when they were six?
 - 3 Did the Aztecs like playing games?
 - 4 Did they have a cinema in their city?
 - 5 Did the Aztecs have ugly clothes?
 - 6 Did they have beads on their clothes?
- 4 Correct one word in each sentence.
 - 1 The Aztecs lived in Mexico about 50 years ago.
 - 2 They had farms inside the city.
 - 3 The men learned to read and write.
 - 4 The Aztecs hated songs and plays.
 - 5 There were feathers on their shoes.
 - 6 Boys learned to cook and sew.
 - 7 Children started school when they were ten.

700

Vocabulary

5 Choose and circle.



In this picture, there are two 1 women / children and one 2 dog / man.

The man has got some 3 tools / pictures.

One woman is buying some 4 hats / beads. The other woman is 5 asking / selling the beads and the jewellery. The little girl has got some 6 grass / feathers in her hand.

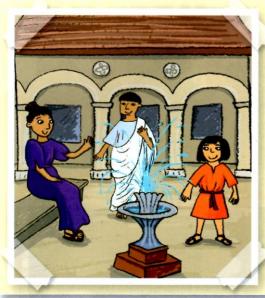


In this picture, the people are ⁷ playing / working on the farm. There is a woman, a man and ⁸ four / two children. The woman is ⁹ hunting / sewing clothes. The man is ¹⁰ hunting / planting animals. The children are planting ¹¹ beads / vegetables.

6 Choose and write.

	lived planted tools sewed feathers hunted pictures amazing
1	The Aztecs <u>lived</u> in Mexico.
2	Theyvegetables.
3	They animals.
4	They had good
5	They didn't write words, they used
6	Their clothes and hats were
7	They beads onto their clothes.
8	There were lots of on Aztec hats.

Writing



THE ROMANS by Jenny Houses

The Ancient Romans had big towns and cities. Lots of Romans lived in flats. They lived with their whole families. Mothers and fathers and children and grandparents lived in the same flat. Some Romans had big houses. The big houses had lots of rooms and a garden with a fountain in the middle. These houses had bathrooms, too. The smaller houses didn't have bathrooms.

7 Read and copy the facts into the topic boxes.

loved music and dancing boys learned maths and history girls learned at home liked sport too girls learned music and art
had theatres in towns
played ball games and liked running
boys started school at 7 years old

Houses	School	Free time
towns and cities flats big families big houses - lots of rooms gardens and fountains	girls learned music and art	
bathrooms in big houses		

8 Continue Jenny's project about the Romans. Write two more paragraphs with these headings: School and Free time.

Use the words and phrases in exercise 7.

Let's help the hospital



Reading

1 Read and listen.

Does your class do things to help other children? Do you give toys or money to charity? I am in Class 3D. We're going to help the children's hospital charity. We're going to do a sponsored walk. You can help too. Join our sponsored walk to collect money for the hospital!

Ask your friends and family to sponsor you. That means they must promise to give you some money for every mile of the walk. You give your sponsor money to the children's hospital charity.

Our teachers and some of our parents are going to do the walk too. We're going to walk three miles on Saturday, then we're going to stay at a campsite by the lake, and then walk three miles on Sunday.





We're going to sleep in tents, so bring a sleeping bag and a torch. Wear walking boots and bring an anorak. Take sun cream, a water bottle and some chocolate.

Together we can collect lots of money. We're going to buy toys and books for children in hospital.

Comprehension

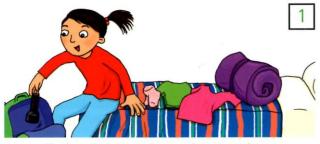
2 Put the pictures in order.



After the walk, people are going to give us money.



We're going to give toys and books to the hospital.



I'm going to take a sleeping bag and a torch.



We're going to sleep in tents.

3 Match the questions and the answers.

- 1 When are Class 3D going to do their walk?
- 2 Can other children go on the walk, too?
- 3 Where are the walkers going to stay?
- 4 Are they going to go home on Saturday?
- 5 What clothes must the children take?
- 6 What food and drink must they take?

- a Some water and chocolate.
- b Walking boots and anoraks.
- c On Saturday and Sunday.
- d Yes, they can.
- e At a campsite.
- f No, they aren't.

4 Read and write Yes, they are. or No, they aren't.

- 1 Are the children going to do a sponsored walk?
- 2 Are they going to walk ten miles on Saturday?
- 3 Are they going to sleep in tents?
- 4 Are they going to take bikes?
- 5 Are they going to collect money?

Yes,	they	are.	
,	3		

	-		

Vocabulary

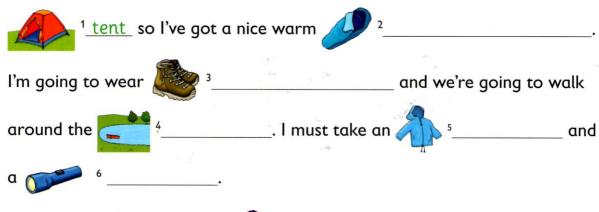
5 What has Jim got? Complete the list.



Jim has got	Jim hasn't got
some chocolate	
. 3	

6 Complete the sentences.

I'm going to go camping with my friends. We're going to sleep in a



I'm going to take plenty of ⁷_____ for when I'm feeling hungry,

and my 8______ for when I'm thirsty.

I've got some ** so I'm ready to go!

Writing



Dear Penfriend,

Thanks for your postcard! I'm on holiday in France. We arrived in Paris this morning. We're going to do lots of fun things!

Tonight we're going to climb the Eiffel Tower. It's 134 metres high! It's got electric lights on it at night and it's very pretty.

Tomorrow we're going to go on a boat ride on the river. Mum is excited about that.

On Friday morning, we're going to see some paintings in a museum. Then we're going to the biggest swimming pool in Paris!

Bye for now.

Edward

7 Complete the letters.

Thanks for How Take care.	write Dear
Hi Edward, " are you? I'm fine. I'm on holiday in Spain with my family. It's hot. Today I'm going to go snorkelling! Please * soon. Frank	Jenny, your email. I'm in Egypt with Mum and Dad. Tomorrow we're going to go and see the pyramids. I'm very excited about that. Elisa

8 Imagine you are on holiday. Write a letter to Edward in your notebook.

Use these words and phrases:

- Hi / Dear ...
- Thanks for your letter.
- Write soon.
- Take care.

- How are you?
- I'm on holiday in ...
- I'm / We're going to ...



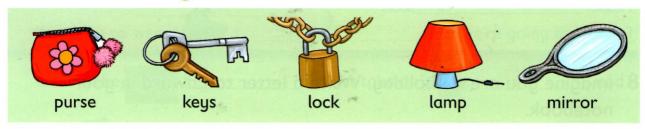
1 Summer school



Write.

- 1 Frank / © / jigsaws.
- 2 Nina / ⊗ / cakes.
- 3 Frank / ⊗ / stamps.
- 4 Nina / © / frisbee.
- 5 Frank / 3 / models.
- 6 Nina / ⊗ / jigsaws.

2 Our things



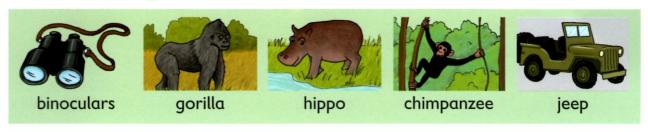
Match and write.





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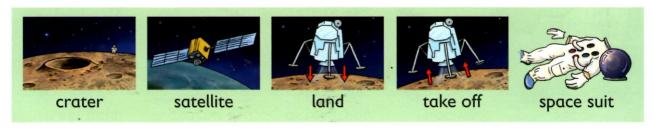
3 A safe place



Read and tick (\checkmark) or cross (X).

1	200	That's a jeep.	
2		That's a hippo.	
3		That's a gorilla.	
4		Those are binoculars.	
5	1	That's an orang-utan.	
6	77	That's a chimpanzee.	

4 Life in space



Choose and circle.

- 1 Astronauts wear satellites / space suits.
- 2 Look! The space ship is landing / watching on a new planet.
- 3 There are lots of craters / space on the planet.
- 4 Look at that plane! It's taking off / getting up.
- 5 Sometimes you can see the sun / satellites at night.

5 At the museum



Choose and circle.

- 1 She can't watch TV. She's dark / busy.
- 2 She's scary / lonely. All her friends are on holiday.
- 3 He doesn't like that chair. It's uncomfortable / comfortable.
- 4 He doesn't like doing jigsaws. He's exciting / grumpy.
- 5 She likes that chair. It's very comfortable / uncomfortable.
- 6 You're sleepy / busy now. Go to bed.
- 7 My new computer is amazing / lonely.
- 8 I'm tired. I feel busy / grumpy.

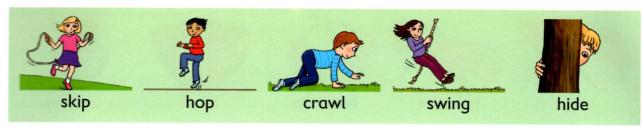
6 Australia



Circle four words and write.

- 1 cavecliffvalleycanal
 2 volcanocliffdesertvalley
 3 islandcavevolcanocanal
 4 cavecliffvalleycoast
 5 canaldesertcitycave
- 6 desertcliffislandvalley

7 Let's play 'Boatman'!



Answer Yes, he / she is. or No, he / she isn't.

1	A.C.	Is he hopping?	
2		Is she skipping?	
3	See See	Is he crawling?	
4		Is he crawling?	
5		Is she swinging?	
6	*	Is he hiding?	

8 New York in 1900



Match and write.











t	t
d	w
h	
s t	l

9 The Aztecs



Read and tick (✔) or cross (✗).

1		That's a vase.	
2		That's a necklace.	
3	Z	Those are bracelets.	
4		That's a bowl.	
5	F 13	That's a ring.	
6		Those are rings.	

10 Let's help the hospital



Choose and circle.

- 1 There is a boots / fence at the side of our playground.
- 2 I can't read the words on that signpost / water.
- 3 I've got some hot chocolate in my book / flask.
- 4 Where are we? Let's look at the map / clock.
- 5 Does this map / path go to the campsite? Yes, it does.
- 6 There isn't a path. We must climb over the fence / map.

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